Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
Gold Medal—Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.

LOCAL NEWS.

Col. Wm. Herring is in the city.

J. G. Hilsinger came in this morning from the west.

Hon. Mark Smith came in from the coast yesterday morning.

District Court Clerk A. J. Halbert is confined to his home by painful illness.

Dr. and Mrs. Whomes returned home from their vacation this morning.

Hon. H. D. Underwood returned last night from a business trip to Nogales.

The burial of the little child of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Coenan took place this afternoon.

The Tucson public schools will be open on Monday, September 14,—just one week from next Monday.

Members of the Olympic club are at Union Park each evening, assiduously engaged in practice riding.

The family of Wm. P. Woods came in on this morning's train, returning from their coast vacation.

Mrs. Odermatt, wife of Dr. Oddermatt, has returned from her outing on the coast, having arrived this morning.

Prof. Blake left last night for Oakland, having in charge the remains of his son who died yesterday.

Capt. Jack Crawford, the poet scout, died of an accident at the Blewett gold mines in Kittitas county, Washington.

Latest reports are that the posse is still in pursuit of the Nogales bank robbers. The robbers are in old Mexico.

A letter from Mrs. B. M. Tichenor, dated at New York City, August 20th., states that she is distressingly homesick and would return tomorrow if she could.

S. E. Hazard, Esq., accompanied by his family, arrived in Tucson this morning, from Gila Bend, and will make his residence for the future, in the old pueblo. Mr. Hazard will engage in the practice of law.

Col. J. T. Fitzgerald, an old citizen of Graham county and a well known merchant of Solomonville, died suddenly last evening, of apoplexy.

After a very pleasant outing of a couple of months in the Catalina mountains, the family of Antonio Gonzales returned home yesterday evening.

J. Francis, the enterprising and energetic manager of the Tucson Smelting Company, returned on this morning's train from a business trip.

A. Redewill, one of the best known citizens of the territory, and a rustler from way back, came in on the train this morning and will stop in the city for a few days.

One of the most witty and picturesequmen that ever lived is Whistler, the painter. McClure's magazine for September will contain a short personal study exhibiting him in the full flower of his whims and graces.

All conditions promise just about as lively a congressional campaign as the territory has ever seen. There will be three candidates in the field, same as last time, and its ice cream to cheese that there will be no tie vote and only one will be elected. Wonder who it will be?

The election of three ladies to preside over the ceremonies of September 16, the celebration of the anniversary of Mexican independence, was closed last night. The successful contestants were Misses Frecia Montoya, Maria Elias and Mercedes Ortiz.

Mrs. Herndon and Miss Matthews came in from Sacaton this morning, having in charge the Indian children who will attend school here this winter. The children have had a pleasant vacation at their homes and are eager to resume their school work.

Hilda Waters, the 7-year-old daughter of William and Simona Waters, died at twelve o'clock last night. The funeral took place this afternoon at half past four o'clock, from the residence of the parents, near the Indian school.

Sunday night an accident occurred on the M. & P. railroad, about five miles out from Maricopa. One train was following another, when a coupling broke and resulted in a rear end collision. Passengers were considerably shaken up, but no one was seriously injured.

W. R. Stone, the well known attorney of Florence, came in from San Francisco this morning. Mr. Stone accompanied his family to Stockton, Cal., the home of Mrs. Stone's parents, and is returning to Florence. He will remain for a day or two in the old pueblo on business. He says it is a mistake to suppose that you can cool off in Los Angeles, as it is hotter and more oppressive than here.

If your appetite is variable, your health is below par, and the door is open for the entrance of disease. Close this door immediately by stimulating the stomach and organs of assimilation to a more active and healthy performance of their functions. Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier gives tone and strength to the stomach and contributes a nerve food that is taken up instantly and assimilated. Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

S. H. Drachman is expected home tomorrow morning. It was the intention of Mrs. Drachman and the family to accompany him home, but owing to the unfortunate fact that Solly developed a very painful abcess in his ear, during his visit to Los Angeles with the Philharmonic band, it was decided that Mrs. Drachman and the family would prolong their stay for some days, at least until Solly has recovered from his malady.

There is no reason why the smelter should not be kept in continuous operation night and day. The company will purchase all the copper ore, be it straight copper, or containing gold and silver in addition, which is offered it, and pay for it in cash. The working charges for all classes of ore are $10 per ton. There is plenty of ore in the hills which will bear shipping, and a little activity among the miners will add shekels to their treasury and prove a source of benefit to all concerned.

J. H. Reed, of Phoenix, is in the city.

E. L. Vail is in the city from the Empire ranch.

E. J. Trippel and family are back from their visit to Rosemont.

F. C. Crowley, of Detroit, Mich., is a guest at the San Xavier.

W. R. Wemple was in yesterday morning from the Southern Belle.

Last Friday night Choynski knocked McAuliffe out in four rounds.

Judge Bethune opened court this morning and called the calendar.

Capt. Burgess has moved into the Stevens property on Main street.

J. J. Quinlan, of Covington, Ky., is in the city for a few days.

W. R. Stone, Esq., went out on last evening's train, en route to Florence.

E. L. Drew, manager of Col. Hooker's ranch near Bonita, is in the city on business.

Alfred Donau returned to his ranch this morning, after a week's visit in the city.

The Benson round up will begin on September 10th, at the old Wakefield mine in the Whestone mountains.

John Eaves and family left this morning for a short vacation, which will be spent at Oracle.

Mrs. B. Schwab and her little daughter Alys, arrived this morning from their vacation on the Pacific coast.

Col. Herring has taken possession of the residence he recently purchased of Capt. Burgess.

Mrs. M. E. Heaton has returned from a two weeks' business trip to San Francisco.

District Clerk Halbert is convalescing. He will soon be fully recovered from his recent illness.

More than one hundred miles of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad are affected by the recent washouts.

Phoenix is temporarily on the transcontinental railway, owing to the severe washouts on the A. & P. railroad.

Sheriff Leatherwood returned last evening from the chase after the bank robbers.

Mrs. C. W. Wright returned last evening from Colorado, where she had been visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. L. Rosenstern, with her little daughter, came in from California this morning, after a very pleasant outing at Pacific coast resorts.

Miss Anna McKenna returned on Saturday night from a most pleasant vacation on the Pacific coast.

Governor Franklin and party, who have been taking a short vacation in Los Angeles, returned to Phoenix this morning.

Bill Doolin, the desperado, is dead, sure enough. The express company has ordered the reward paid, and that is conclusive evidence.

We are informed that Judge Barnes the other evening demonstrated in a very unique and practical manner how thoroughly he endorsed the 16 to 1 idea.

Prof. E. M. Boggs, who has been spending his vacation at Los Angeles and California points in that vicinity, returned home this morning.

Sam Drachman arrived home from California this morning. He says that Solly is quite sick in Los Angeles and will probably not be able to return home in less than two weeks.

An early number of the Weekly will contain an illustrated paper by R. F. Zogbaum on the fleet manoeuvres of the North Atlantic squadron—Mr. Zogbaum having accompanied the fleet as a guest on board the Indiana.

Major Fechet, superintendent of the Old Glory mines arrived in the city last night. The machinery is being placed in position as rapidly as possibly, and Major Fechet says that everything will be in running order about the first of October. There are fifteen men now employed in taking out ore.

Dr. Goodfellow, well known in Arizona as one of the ablest of physicians, is attending M. H. Williams in Los Angeles, and in a conversation with Mr. Leitch, of the Gazette, last Friday, the doctor said Judge Williams would be a well man in a few weeks, and as hale as ever he was in his life. This will be good news to the many friends of Judge Williams in Arizona.—Gazette.

It is reported that Goldfield is enjoying a boom. A new body of rich ore has been discovered in the Bull Dog mine and quite a large force of men is at work upon it. The full complement of stamps is dropping at the Mammoth property, and altogether conditions seem very favorable for this promising camp.

Commissioner Schumacher, of the street committee of the city council, again notifies interested persons that the city is ready to proceed with the building of the Main street bridge as soon as the stones for the abuttments are hauled according to a proposition submitted to the council. On the same terms he says the city will immediately build a bridge across the Sixth street arroyo. Not only that, but the council will co-operate with citizens in any reasonable and needed improvement.

"Populism in 1783-1787" is the title of an article by Worthington Chauncey Ford which will be published in Harper's Weekly for September 5th. Mr. Ford will show that "there is little novelty in the principles underlying the populist platform adopted at Chicago. Wherever a large number of persons have been unwise in their business ventures, unfortunate in their undertakings or bitten by the gambling or speculative fever, and have carried their operations so far as to exhaust their credit and incur debt, there populism will be rampant. A century ago such a faction had acquired sufficient strength to bring the wheels of the government to a stand, to defy authority in open rebellion, and to threaten the very existence of the American people as a potential power among nations."

Theodore Roosevelt contributes to the September Review of Reviews a characteristic study of "The Three Vice-Presidential Candidates and What They Represent." The time is peculiarly opportune for a re-examination of the vice-presidential office, and Mr. Roosevelt offers some pertinent suggestions as to the proper status of the vice president in our scheme of government. He believes that the vice president should represent the principles on which the president was chosen to office, and he should have a seat in the cabinet, and that his official power should be increased in several directions. Mr. Roosevelt's comments on the personalities of the three candidates now conspicuously before the country are direct, pointed and decidedly Rooseveltian.

According to a celebrated anatomist there are upwards of 5,000,000 little glands in the human stomach. These glands pour out the digestive juices which dissolve or digest the food. Indigestion is want of juice, weakness of glands, need of help to restore the health of these organs. The best and most natural help is that given by Shaker Digestive Cordial. Natural, because it supplies the materials needed by the glands to prepare the digestive juices. Because it strengthens and invigorates the glands and the stomach, until they are able to their work alone. Shaker Digestive Cordial cures indigestion certainly and permanently. It does so by natural means, and therein lies the secret of its wonderful and unrivaled success.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

"Cut Down Expenses."

BattleAx PLUG

A woman knows what a bargain really is. She knows better than a man. "BATTLE AX" is selected every time by wives who buy tobacco for their husbands. They select it because it is an honest bargain. It is the biggest in size, the smallest in price, and the best in quality. The 5 cent piece is almost as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade brands.

Cattlemen are actively preparing for the fall round up.

The public schools are announced to open September 14th.

Wm. Renny, deputy sheriff at Tubac is in the city on business connected with his office. He expects to leave for home in the morning.

Hon. Henry Levin returned from a month's jaunt to San Francisco this morning, looking exceedingly well. He reports having had an a 1 time.

Registration of voters is proceeding slowly. This morning 168 names came in from the country which makes a total of 981 to date. Registration will close October 12.

People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Hon. A. J. Doran is in the city en route to Tombstone and vicinity for the purpose of looking at a copper property. He will continue his journey in the morning.

Chas. Wild of Tombstone, stood the annual examination of R. R. Postal Clerks in Los Angeles the other day and secured 100 per cent credit.

Hon. Chas. D. Drake expects to leave for California tonight. On his return he will bring several of his children home. Mrs. Drake is not expected to return for several months yet on account of her health.

Good news comes from Globe. Another very rich and extensive copper deposit has been found in the Old Dominion mines. This gives the company a still more extensive lease of life.

General Manager Kruttschnitt, Manager J. A. Filmore, General Freight Agent C. F. Smurr and other S. P. officials passed through Tucson this morning en route to El Paso, on a tour of inspection.

The duplicate tax roll will be completed in the course of another week. The work has been long and laborious and Clerk Hughes is deserving of much credit for the manner in which he has pushed the work along.

On Monday next the bill posters of Forepaugh's circus will be here and decorate the town to the infinite delight of the small boy. The circus will be here on the 29th of this month. There will be fifty cars of material.

Capt. Jack Crawford, the well known poet scout is reported to have been accidentally killed at the Blewett gold mines, state of Washington. The Captain has many friends here who will sincerely regret the misfortune.

The abundance of rain that the Salt River valley has been favored with this season has given our vegetable farmers a large crop and our market can show a larger and better variety of vegetables than any other city of its size in the union.—Gazette.

Complaint has been made at the CITIZEN office of the ungentlemanly behavior of a lot of young hoodlums at the park a few evenings ago. They are said to have been loud and coarse in their remarks about passing ladies. They are deserving of the attention of the police.

Prof. J. W. Toumey and Dr. Fenrow, chief of the division of the bureau of agriculture, will leave tomorrow for the Santa Catalina Mountains. The Dr. arrived from the northern portion of the territory this morning where he has been for the past three months studying the timber of the territory. He will make a like study of the forestry of the Santa Catalina and Rincon Mountains before returning to Washington.

A number of Tucsonites are basking in the sunshine on the top of Mount Lemon, in the Santa Catalinas. Among them are Miss Sturgess, Mr. Calhoun and wife, Mrs. R. H. Paul and family and several others. Webber, the party who owns several houses in the camp, has announced his intention of cutting a trail through Fuller's Pass to the top of the mountain and thereby reducing the journey to about thirty miles.

The cowboy preacher, J. R. Rice, who with his pretty little wife did Tucson about a year ago, caught a very bad egg in his left eye in Cripple Creek, Colorado. This made the preacher mad and he reached for the man who stood nearest him. This brought on a "free for all" fight and Rice was rather the worse for wear when the white dove of peace had again settled on the scene. Rice had characterized the mines as worthless, the town bankrupt and the citizens a lot of bunco steerers lying in wait for eastern suckers. Hence the egg.

Mineral Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

Silver bars	66½
Lead	$2.50
Copper	10.65

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.

Mexican dollars.....53¼@54

Fifty Dollars.

Cornelius Roach, the young gentleman who gave the promiscuous pugilistic exhibition on Sunday evening, numbering among his victims Judge Myers, answered for his sport this morning before Judge Scott. Young Roach plead guilty to the charge of assault and was fined fifty dollars, which was paid. Upon squaring the charge he was again arrested and is now in jail for resisting an officer. Truly the way of the transgressor is hard and the path of the promiscuous pugilist is not adorned with thornless roses all the way.

In a recent letter to the manufacturers Mr. W. F. Benjamin, editor of the Spectator, Rushford, N. Y., says: "It may be a pleasure to you to know the high esteem in which Chamberlain's medicines are held by the people of your own state, where they must be best known. An aunt of mine, who resides at Dexter, Iowa, was about to visit me a few years since, and before leaving home wrote me, asking if they were sold here, stating if they were not she would bring a quantity with her, as she did not like to be without them." The medicines referred to are Chamberlain's Cough remedy, famous for its cures of colds and croup; Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, lame back, pains in the side and chest, and Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy for bowel complaints. These medicines have been in constant use in Iowa for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they are articles of great worth and merit, and unequaled by any other. They are for sale here by Fred Fleishman, druggist.

Sent it to His Mother in Germany.

Mr. Jacob Ebensen, who is in the employ of the Chicago Lumber Co., at Des Moines, Iowa, says: "I have just sent some medicine back to my mother in the old country, that I know from personal use to be best medicine in the world for rheumatism, having used it in my family for several years. It is called Chaberlain's Pain Balm. It always does the work." Fifty cent bottles for sale by F. Fleishman, druggist.

POSSE RETURNS.

And Leaves Again in Pursuit of the Robbers.

The Prospector says that word received from Bisbee yesterday states that Sheriff Fly and his posse arrived at Bisbee Saturday night from the trail of the robbers and all left early Sunday morning again for a point in the Sulphur Spring valley to capture two of the robbers, "Black Jack" and Jesse Williams, whose whereabouts they are certain of.

The posse have experienced hardships untold. They encountered much rain and were under many disadvantages and several times lost the trail through the storms. The robbers whom they had followed were heading back to the line and it is probable that the entire gang of refugees expect to meet somewhere and remain together.

Immediately upon the arrival of Sheriff Fly's posse in Bisbee and being apprised of the whereabouts of "Black Jack" and Jesse Williams, two of the robbers, they at once left for Mud Spring where the two men are supposed to be.

Deputies Alvord and Randolph left here yesterday morning to join the posse and the search will be continued until the robbers are run down or further abandoned for the present.

The prospector received two messages from Bisbee which practically give the above facts.

The news of the outcome of the meeting and capture of the outlaws is awaited with anxiety.

Street car Accident.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 3—Four people were injured, one perhaps fatally, by an accident on the depot incline at the ninth st. cable line, the grip hook on the train breaking and permitting the train to go backwards at a high rate of speed. The injured are J. F. Lowe, leg broken and several internal injuries, may die; W. H. Sherman, Sr., scalp wound; W. H. Sherman, Jr., leg bruised; L. Windie, cut over eye.

Why go Where Every One Goes.

The tourist planning his campaign should not content himself with a sheep-like following of the herd,

Mexico, where the sun always shines, offers amusement, instruction and in fact all those various objects which the tourist seeks while the same time the health seeker can find within her border, opportunities and conditions such as nowhere else exists. For full and reliable information address

J. F. DONOHOE,
Commercial Agent,
El Paso, TEX.

SILVER INTO GOLD.

The Report of Dr. Emmens' Recent Discovery Verified.

The Denver Republican prints the following letter.

"Our attention was recently drawn to the article in the New York Journal in which Dr. Stephen H. Emmens of New York claimed to have discovered a way to change silver into gold. While the description of the discovery naturally contained nothing definite as to the means employed, the phraseology was nevertheless far from being trashy or sensational, and was, in fact, quite in line with modern scientific knowledge. In order to satisfy ourselves as to the genuineness of the article attributed to such a well known scientific source, we addressed the following communication to Dr. Emmens:

"Dr. Stephen H. Emmens No. 1, Broadway, New York City:

"Dear Sir—We have read the recent article in the New York Journal wherein it is stated that you have succeeded in changing silver into gold. We are naturally greatly interested in the subject and the remarkable results claimed, which, in the light of modern science, we feel are entirely within the bounds of reason. The periodic law and other considerations have long led chemists to anticipate some such results as are now claimed. We nevertheless take the liberty of writing, in order, if possible, to learn positively if the article referred to is authoritative and correct."

"In reply we received a very cordial letter, which we do not feel at liberty to publish, in which however, the doctor assures us that the Journal article is substantially correct. Of course he cannot make known the details of the method, but he does tell us in a general way of what the essence of this discovery consists. While we are not in a position to fully indorse the claims of the discovery, it may interest the public to know that we do not consider the idea at all absurd or unreasonable, and, in view of Dr. Emmens' well known scientific attainments, we are quite willing to accept his statements as facts.

VON SCHULZ & LOW."

IN THE DISTRICT COURT.

A Further Cleaning up of the Calendar.

District court was in session yesterday morning and after the calling of the calendar, adjournment was taken for the day. A territorial grand jury was ordered for September 17. A federal grand jury had previously been called for September 14 and a federal trial jury for September 16.

The calendar is beginning to look cleaner than it has done for years Early in the present session scores of cases which had been carried from the earliest days were thrown out. They would have been stricken off before only that all the parties in interest had long since moved away, died or else had forgotten that they had ever been at law. Eleven more cases were stricken from the docket yesterday and a half dozen others were dismissed. A few more were continued for the term and several were passed. The following were set for trial:

Mendez vs. Lully, Sept. 8; Cox vs. the Mexican mine, Sept. 8; Elliot vs. Roberts, Sept. 9; Jacobs vs. Richardson, Sept. 16; Zeckendorf vs. Ward, Leff vs. the Old Glory Mining company and Brena vs. Chandler, Oct. 12; Levy vs. Leatherwood, Oct. 14; Zeckendorf vs. James, Oct. 16.

The National Magazine.

This essentially American publication is fast becoming a necessity among the readers and thinkers of the United States. The September number easily sustains the unstinted praise which has been accorded all previous efforts.

The subjects treated are handled by the very ablest writers, and are full of interest and information.

Matters of general interest are written up at length in the most pleasing style, and the short stories of fiction are becoming a feature of vast importance.

If our readers have not seen a copy, they should send to the Bostonian Publishing Co., 83 Newbury street, Boston.

Three Popular Young Ladies.

Voting for three popular ladies has been going on for the past month. These ladies in the Sept. 16th celebration will represent America, Liberty and Justice, the one receiving the biggest number of votes will represent America. The following is the final vote:

Frecia Montoya	3847
Mercedes Ortiz	3812
Maria Elias	3787
Lillie Goodwin	3224
Adela Tully	3156
Gertrudis McCleary	3056
Maria Legarra	86
Sofia Levin	26
Panchita Gonzalez	20
Hortensia Dalton	18
Isabel Bardeau	18
Maria Casanova	15
Nellie Lee	10
Aurelia Robles	5
Igancia Terrazas	5
Lola Valencia	4
Lulu Hilzinger	4
Beatriz Eugorroia	4
Amelia Spring	4
Maria Lorona	3
Josefina Dupuy	3
Tula Elias	2
Sara Durazo	2
Anita Aguirre	2
Clara McGuirk	2
Sofia Hughes	1
Antonia Trujillo	1
Guadalupe Dalton	1
Isabel Buelna	2
Nieves Garcia	1

Labor Day Proclamation.

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA,
EXECUTIVE OFFICE.

By national authority the first Monday in September, the seventh day of the month, is designated as a legal holiday, to be known and celebrated as Labor Day.

This is but a just and proper recognition of the great agency that has caused our country to stand first among the nations of the world. Every ship that rides upon the sea, all of the great armaments of our sea coast, all of the grand highways of commerce that traverse our country, all the grandeur of our cities, all of our splendid agricultural development, are monuments of labor. In no country of the world labor has been more fully recognized and honored than in ours. Among its other grand achievements it has been the mission of our country to ennoble and dignify labor, and no people of our republic more fully sympathize with the hopes and aspirations of the workingmen than the people of our territory.

Now therefore, I, Benjamin J. Franklin, Governor of the Territory of Arizona, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do hereby proclaim Monday, the seventh day of September, A. D., 1896, a holiday, and I do hereby recommend and request that all places of business and public offices be closed on that day, and that the people of our territory join in a universal observance thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of this territory to be hereunto affixed, this nineteenth day of August, A. D., 1896.

[SEAL.]

Done at Phoenix, the Capitol, this nineteenth day of August, A. D., 1896.

By the Governor:
BENJAMIN J. FRANKLIN.

CHARLES M. BRUCE,
Secretary of Arizona.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Tucson and the entire Santa Cruz Valley was blessed with a good soaking rain today.

CYCLONE.

The Pima County Democratic Central Committee Meets and Harmonizes.

"IF YOU DO, WE'LL BOLT."

After the Storm, Delegates Are Appointed to Attend at Williams.

Last evening at 8 o'clock, in the district court room, there was an extremely lively session of the Pima county democratic central committee, which met for the purpose of determining the manner in which delegates should be selected to attend the territorial convention, which is called for the 17th inst. at Williams.

There was a very good attendance, all but five of the committee being present, either in person or by proxy.

The challenge to battle was offered by Judge Barnes immediately after roll call, when he presented a motion that the chair select a committee of five, who should present to the central committee the names of eleven democrats to act as delegates to the territorial convention.

Hardly was the motion made when Chas. Mehan, of Nogales, was on his feet in opposition. He charged that the committee was stuffed with proxies and that the people, if the motion carried, would have no representation. From that time on the battle raged right merrily. Barnes, Gus Hoff, Mehan, Scott, Fred Hughes, Finley and S. M. Franklin, eagerly watched each other for an opportunity to get the floor. Not one of the crowd gave the slightest evidence of being tongue tied, and each was accorded ample opportunity to express his views. There were charges flung at the former action of the committee; there were threats of discord and bolts; there was defiance to bolters; and there were invitations to quit the party. The atmosphere in the court room was blue with that peculiar brand of harmony and brotherly love found only in democratic gatherings. One gentleman said: "We are harmonious; don't let us wrangle; leave that for our republican brethren." And after they had finished there wasn't enough growl left over for even one republican precinct election inspector.

When the orators had all exhausted themselves the motion was put and carried upon a yea and nay vote, as follows:

Yeas—J B Scott, M Gervais, C A Brown, Pedro Pellon, W H Barnes, J Maloney, M Gallego, B Barcelo, W Powers, J Brady, D Markham, A O'Donnell, A B Sorreles, N Van Alstine, T O Herrers, T J Rusk, D Allen, Jas Goff, W A O'Brien, John Davine—20.

Nays—C M Burkhalter, P J Zolmet, T F Broderick, Jos Pascholy, Chas Mehan, R Harrison, Chas Dunn, W T Linville, Jas Finley, C W Bowers, G A Hoff—11.

The chairman appointed as members of the committee of five, Messrs Barnes, Markham, Mehan, Hughes, Chalmers, Finley and Pellon. Messrs. Finley and Mehan decline to serve.

The committee retired but returned in a quarter of an hour with the following names of persons recommended as delegates: Jas Leahy, Henry Lavin, Sam Katzenstein, J Maloney, Chas Hoff, Herb Drachman, D Allen, F G Hughes, J B Scott, W H Barnes and D Markham. Mr. Hoff being unable to serve, D G Chalmers was appointed in his place.

The report of the sub-committee was adopted and the committee adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

POLITICAL.

Palmer of Illinois Nominated by the GOLD BUG DEMOCRACY.

Buckner of Kentucky Arrives Off the Second Prize.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3—It is thought the convention will get through today. There is a strong feeling for Palmer among the delegates. In case he refuses, Black of Illinois, may be selected though Bragg has many supporters. Many delegates insist on Mr. Cleveland and he would be chosen if he would accept. Buckner of Kentucky, seems to be the choice of all vice-president. It is said Watterson will not be represented.

It is announced that Palmer has positively declined to allow his name be used for personal reasons, and that Cleveland also declines.

The financial plank is unequivocally for gold, but the committee has not yet agreed on the wording of the pension and some other planks.

The Illinois delegates are now in caucus for the purpose of inducing Palmer to withdraw his declination.

While the convention was assembling Senator Palmer received a great outburst, Buckner was also loudly cheered. There were cheers for Breckenridge of Kentucky as he entered, but some of the audience hissed as Breckenridge's name was called.

The cries for Breckenridge continued, mingled with hisses.

The convention was called to order at 11:38 a. m. Reliably stated that Alabama will yield to Michigan, when called, and that Michigan will present the name of Palmer. The chairman announced that the committee on platform was not ready to report. There were cheers and cries for Breckenridge to address the convention. Breckenridge takes the platform amidst cheers with a few hisses and spoke on the issues at stake. His remarks were frequently cheered.

Breckenridge announced the platform adopted at Chicago, which condemned the executive, simply because it is an executive, and its condemnation of the supreme court because its honesty does not agree with its aims. Great cheering. Breckenridge's remarks that the silver democrats had taken it out of the hands of this or any other convention to elect McKinley caused laughter and cheers. Breckenridge said we propose to prevent the election of that Chicago convention candidate as a democratic candidate. "We will be defeated at the polls but we will save the honor of America." When Breckenridge finished he was given three cheers.

It was announced that the committee on platform will be ready to report at 1 p. m.

Warner points out that the greater the appreciation of currency the greater amount of comfort is placed within reach of the laborer. Warner says there are many democrats in New York that will vote for McKinley but they are not in the New York delegation.

Bynum's reference to Grover Cleveland as a man never known to capitulate or shirk his duty called out a volume of applause.

The following is a synopsis of the platform wich will be presented to the convention by Senator Vilas: The platform declares that the convention has met, that democrats may unite to avert disaster from the country and ruin for their party; that the Chicago platform attacks sound financial policy and that delegates to that convention abandoned all the democratic cause of tariff reform to court favor of the protectionists; that delegates to this convention cannot support the candidates of that convention nor be bound by its action; that they cannot support the Chicago candidates nor be bound by its platform.

A liberal policy towards American shipping is demanded; it also demands an economical administration of the government; favors international arbitration and a liberal pension policy; condems all efforts to touch the supreme court or impair the confidence and respect in which it has always been held. That the gold standard must be maintained and also the parity of every dollar issued by the government. It expresses opposition to the unlimited coinage of silver and a compulsory purchase of bullion. It denounces the present system of paper currency as a constant source of injury and demands a currency reform. It commends the fidelity, patriotism and courage of the Cleveland administration.

BULLETINS.

First ballot 757½, Bragg 124½; necessary for a choice, 553.

On motion of Bragg the rules were suspended and Palmer made the nominee by acclamation.

3.34 p. m.—Palmer nominated.

The states have grouped their guidons and are marching around the hall. The audience and delegates are cheering and the band is playing "The Red, White and Blue."

The convention unites in three cheers for Palmer.

The roll of states was ordered for presentation of candidates for vice president. Cries of "Kentucky, Kentucky," and cheers; the band playing "My Old Kentucky Home," the audience joining in singing. Browder of Kentucky, takes the platform to present the name of Gen. Buckner.

Buckner was nominated by acclamation.

California and Arizona voted solidly for Palmer. Total vote, Palmer 755½; Bragg 124½. On roll call for vice presidential nominees Kentucky was first called Buckner was placed in nomination. Buckner was nominated by acclamation. Adjourned sine die.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 2—The Massachusetts delegation held a meeting yesterday and appointed a committee of five to canvass the situation with other state delegations as to the choice of the majority for a presidential candidate. It was decided that Massachusetts would support the choice of the majority, but it was also agreed that in case there seemed no probability of a nomination on the first ballot, Massachusetts would cast a complimentary vote for Secretary Olney. There was also brought out at the meeting a currency plank which it was decided to present to the committee on resolutions. The plank received the endorsement of the treasury department and contains suggestions by Secretary Carlisle, and largely on the line which he has advocated before the finance committee in congress. It is as follows:

"We recognize the fact that the existing currency system of the United States created in a period of national stress, is not based upon sound and scientific principles and requires serious revision to adapt it to the needs of commerce and production. The tendency of the system of government to paper money and national bank notes based upon bonded security has been to restrict circulation where it was needed, to accumulate idle capital in a few centers, subject to a rate of interest, to unjust fluctuations and radical inequalities in different sections; to restrict enterprise and cripple industry. To make currency scarce in times of business activity and abundantly plentiful in times and places where it was not needed, and at such times expel the surplus in the form of gold, the money of international exchange. The gold standard has not been the cause, but the victim of these conditions. Banks also have been victims of laws not of their making, the result of war necessities, and have incurred unmerited hostility because they have been prevented by these laws from rendering services to agriculture, industry and commerce which should be their legitimate and natural functions under a proper currency system.

"We believe in the protection of the public credit against the results of agitation, for the debasement of the metallic standard has been rendered doubly difficult by the defective character of our paper currency. The gold standard has borne the odium of events over which it is not responsible, and which should be directed against the vicious policy of government paper currency, subject to perpetual reissue. The sale of bonds for gold on four occasions during the past three years have been due to the fact that the existing currency system has thrown upon the treasury an obligation which should be imposed by the law upon the banks. This system of legal tender paper has brought discredit and suffering to every people who have resorted to it and been discarded by every civilized state which has sought to place its currency upon a sound and scientific basis.

"We demand, therefore, that the initial steps be taken for the withdrawal from circulation of legal tender notes or for a change of the existing system of redemption and reissue.

"And we demand, in order that there may be no improper contraction of the currency and that it may be capable of ready adjustment to the demands of business, that the present banking laws be so modified as to interpose no obstacle to the creation of an elastic banking currency, subject to such control as shall insure uniformity, security and redemption in standard coin on demand."

CANTON, O., Sept. 2—The mountaineer editors of West Virginia have good, healthy lungs. When a party of 86 called on Major McKinley at 3 o'clock this afternoon several hundred people joined in the gathering. Everybody was enthusiastic and the delegation applauded nearly every sentence that Major McKinley spoke. The presentation of the republican press association was by W. P. Morris, and he said:

"The bill that is allied to your name was such a one as to make you dear to West Virginia and causes West Virginia republicans, with other reasons, to believe you are the most suitable man in all the land for president. The reason is not hard to find. It is because West Virginia has beneath her rugged surface enough coal for the world, iron ore in vast quantities, has great forests and sheep and cattle upon a thousand hills, has fertile valleys and rich hillsides. Without protection our vast natural wealth is chained and helpless."

Major McKinley was greeted with the greatest enthusiasm. He said:

"The republican cause never was more just and righteous than this year, and the triumph of its principles was never more essential to the general welfare of the American people. Nothing is more vital to the standing and progress of the country than the preservation of its credit and financial honor. Nothing more indispensable to business and prosperity than that the currency of the country be so honest that it can cheat nobody. Nothing is of greater moment to the welfare of the country than the adoption of a policy which will labor and capital, constant employment with fair returns. But, gentlemen, lying beneath all these and more important than all these is the preservation of law and order, a reign of domestic quiet.

"All these are embraced in the contention which is upon us this year. In connection with these questions, as editors and publishers, you have the gravest responsibilities. You help to make public sentiment, and right public sentiment is what is most needed at this juncture of our national affairs. Never was the press of the country more aroused by these issues than now. It is not confined to the republican press alone, but includes many of the greatest newspapers which hitherto advocated the democratic cause. All this is evidence the people appreciate that a great crisis is upon them and the way to avoid that crisis is for the patriotic in every section of the country to unite and act together in the cause of their country.

BEST with a big 5c. Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham is in a class by itself. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. If soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

TERRIFFIC EXPLOSION.

Wires Down and Particulars not Obtainable.

PINOLE, Calif., Sept. 1—A terrible explosion took place at 1.03 o'clock this afternoon at Hercules Station, where the California Powder Works were blown up. Four terriffic explosions were heard in succession and the sky in the vicinity is black with smoke. The telegraph and telephone connections were destroyed by the explosion and few details of the disaster have been obtained yet. All the buildings of the company are on fire and the ground in the vicinity is rent by the immense fissures. All the property of the California Powder Works will be a total loss. So far as known at this hour, thirty minutes after the explosion, three whites have been killed. There has been other loss of life but how extensive cannot yet be stated.

Suffering for a Life Time.

Persons afflicted with rheumatism often suffer for a life time, their tortures being almost without remission. The joints and muscles of such unfortunates are in most cases shockingly contorted and drawn out of shape. To afford them even temporary relief, the ordinary remedies often prove utterly useless. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, on the other hand, is avouched by persons who have used it, to be a genuine source of relief. It keeps the blood cool by promoting a regular habit of body, and removes from it impurities which, in the opinion of all rational pathologists, originate this agonizing complaint, and its kindred malady, the gout. Besides this the Bitters remedy disorders of the stomach, liver and nerves, prevent and eradicate intermittent and remittent fevers, promote appetite and sleep, and are highly recommended by physicians as a desirable medicinal stimulant and tonic.

For Sale.

A free milling gold and silver property, with a ledge 10 feet in width, giving an average assay of $10 per ton in gold and eighteen ounces in silver. There are 400 feet of shafting, drifting, and cross cutting done on the mine, and a dump of 500 tons of ore. The mine is only 12 miles from a railroad.

Another ledge of more than 21 feet in width, giving average assays of $8 in gold and ten ounces of silver per ton, has 100 tons of ore on the dump. Wood and water are close at hand, in abundance.

Correspondence is solicited from those only who have the means necessary to erect a 50-ton capacity mill. For further information, apply to

WASHINGTON M. JACOBS, Assayer,
tf Main Street, Tucson, Ariz.

None but Ayers at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and postrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: 'Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits.'